

Environmental SDGs for Wildlife Ranching in South Africa

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The **UN Agenda 2030 for Sustainable Development** includes a set of 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The goals address the economic, environmental, and social dimensions of sustainable development, all of which are critically important for the wildlife ranching industry. This article explores the environmental SDGs and subsequent articles will explore the social and economic SDGs.

The key environmental SDG for wildlife ranching is **SDG 15** which aims to:

Protect, restore, and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

The short title for SDG 15 is 'Life on Land.' The goal's aim is clearly to protect, restore and promote the sustainable use of living natural resources and their habitats. Protection includes managing forests and other terrestrial ecosystems sustainably. Restoration includes reversing land degradation and combating desertification. Promotion of sustainable use includes halting biodiversity loss. These aims are all relevant to a well-managed and responsible wildlife ranch.

SDG 15 includes 12 targets and most of these are directly relevant to wildlife ranches. These targets can be used in a ranch's management plans. They can also be used to communicate with investors, customers, neighbouring communities, and regulatory authorities about a ranch's contribution to sustainable development. Particularly relevant targets include the following:





SDG 15 targets	Relevance to wildlife ranching
15.1 - By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains, and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements	Ecosystem services provided by wildlife ranches include soil formation, wild foods and raw materials, carbon sequestration, and recreation and tourism
15.2 - By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally	Wildlife ranches can be managed to protect and enhance forested areas
15.3 - By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought, and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradationneutral world	Wildlife ranching can restore degraded lands
15.5 - Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species	Wildlife ranching can restore natural habitats, restore biodiversity, and contribute directly to preventing the extinction of species
15.7 - Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products	Through the sustainable production, utilisation and trade of wild goods and services, wildlife ranching can provide a legal source of wildlife products for consumers
15.8 - By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species	Managing natural habitats on wildlife ranch can include measures to eliminate or minimise the presence of invasive alien species



SDG 15 targets	Relevance to wildlife ranching
15.9 By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts	Through transparent reporting processes, wildlife ranches can contribute information on biodiversity values in support local and national development processes
15.A Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems	Through commercialised wildlife production and utilisation, wildlife ranches generate financial resources directly for biodiversity conservation
15.C Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities	Wildlife ranches provide local livelihood opportunities including jobs through increasing the supply of wildlife, promoting sustainable utilisation, and engaging in legal, regulated trade

As the above table indicates, a responsibly managed wildlife ranch can contribute directly to SDG 15 and its targets. Collectively, the wildlife ranching industry can contribute substantively to South Africa's national commitments to conserving and sustainably using terrestrial ecosystems. Wildlife Ranching South Africa (WRS), for example, could collaborate with its members to provide regular information to the government and other stakeholders on the SDG contributions of the industry.

In addition to SDG 15, there are several other environmental SDGs and associated targets which are pertinent to the wildlife ranching industry. These include the following:

Other goals & targets	Relevance to wildlife ranching
 2. End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture 2.5 By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants, and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species 	Wildlife ranching can play a key role in enhancing food security in dryland ecosystems and in restoring and conserving stocks of important wild species for the food





Other goals & targets	Relevance to wildlife ranching
 6. Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all 6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping, and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials 	As water is a critically scarce resource in most wildlife ranching areas, responsible ranch management can include efforts to conserve water and improve water quality
7. Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable, and modern energy for all7.2 By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix	Wildlife ranches can promote a range of renewable energy options for rural areas, notably the use of solar power and sustainable woodlot management
 11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient, and sustainable 11.a Support positive economic, social, and environmental links between urban, peri-urban, and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning 	With the increasing urbanisation of South Africa, wildlife ranches have a unique role to play in providing opportunities for urban dwellers to reconnect to the countryside and to understand the environmental linkages between rural areas and urban centres
14. Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas, and marine resources for sustainable development 14.4 By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics	As noted further below, wild ranches can benefit from understanding the relevance of the goals and targets for conserving marine and sustainably using marine ecosystems and resources to terrestrial ecosystems and resources





Of all these additional goals and targets, Target 14.4 looks at issues which are particularly relevant to the wildlife ranching industry. Though 14.4 is a target for the sustainable use of marine resources, it can be reworded as a target for the sustainable use of terrestrial resources. For wildlife ranching, it could read as follows:

By 2020, effectively regulate utilisation and end overharvesting, illegal, unreported, and unregulated harvesting and destructive utilisation practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore wildlife stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics

For planning and reporting purposes, such a rewording of Target 14.4 could be associated with terrestrial Target 15.5 in that this target aims to halt the loss of biodiversity and prevent the extinction of threatened species. Restoring wildlife stocks to levels that produce maximum sustainable yield is a direct way that wildlife ranches can contribute to these aims.

In short, well-managed and responsible wildlife ranches can tick many of the SDG boxes. In so doing, they can be a leading force for sustainable development in the drylands of South Africa and its neighbouring countries.

In this regard, there is a real opportunity for WRSA and the industry it represents to use the SDGs as a framework for delivering key objectives including:

- Influencing, shaping, and guiding national and provincial regulation and policy relating to wildlife ranching in partnership with government;
- Creating awareness of the benefits of wildlife ranching in South Africa; and
- Developing and embracing the reputation of the industry, locally and globally.





